



## Hendersonii Holly

*Ilex x altaclerensis 'Hendersonii'*

Height: 30 feet

Spread: 15 feet

Sunlight: ○ ●

Hardiness Zone: 6b

Other Names: Altaclara Holly

### Description:

Striking evergreen foliage is lustrous dark green with smooth edges ; somewhat sparse berries at winter add color to the landscape; does best in evenly moist, acidic soil

### Ornamental Features

Hendersonii Holly is primarily grown for its highly ornamental fruit. It features an abundance of magnificent red berries in early fall. It has attractive dark green evergreen foliage. The glossy oval leaves are highly ornamental and remain dark green throughout the winter.

### Landscape Attributes

Hendersonii Holly is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen tree with an upright spreading habit of growth. Its average texture blends into the landscape, but can be balanced by one or two finer or coarser trees or shrubs for an effective composition.

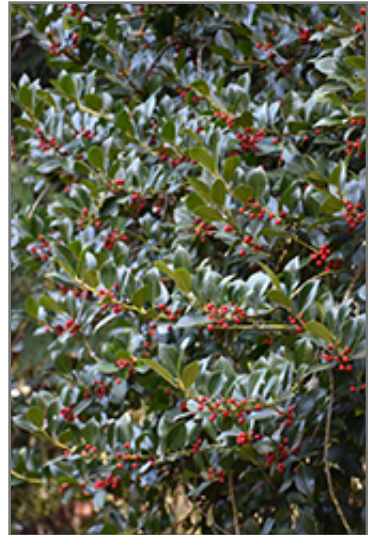
This tree will require occasional maintenance and upkeep, and is best pruned in late winter once the threat of extreme cold has passed. It is a good choice for attracting birds and bees to your yard. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Hendersonii Holly is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



*Hendersonii Holly fruit*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



*Hendersonii Holly fruit*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Planting & Growing**

Hendersonii Holly will grow to be about 30 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 15 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 2 feet from the ground, and should not be planted underneath power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 50 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth. It is particular about its soil conditions, with a strong preference for rich, acidic soils. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution, and will benefit from being planted in a relatively sheltered location. Consider applying a thick mulch around the root zone in winter to protect it in exposed locations or colder microclimates. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid.